

Chapter 2

1. (i) Here $L = 1$, so, by (2.2) and (2.7)–(2.9),

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_0 &= \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^1 f(x) dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^0 dx = \frac{1}{2}, \\
 a_n &= \int_{-1}^1 f(x) \cos(n\pi x) dx = \int_{-1}^0 \cos(n\pi x) dx = \frac{1}{n\pi} [\sin(n\pi x)]_{-1}^0 = 0, \\
 b_n &= \int_{-1}^1 f(x) \sin(n\pi x) dx = \int_{-1}^0 \sin(n\pi x) dx = -\frac{1}{n\pi} [\cos(n\pi x)]_{-1}^0 \\
 &= -\frac{1}{n\pi} [1 - \cos(n\pi)] = [(-1)^n - 1] \frac{1}{n\pi}, \quad n = 1, 2, \dots \\
 \Rightarrow f(x) &\sim \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [(-1)^n - 1] \frac{1}{n\pi} \sin(n\pi x), \\
 (\text{series}) &= \begin{cases} 1, & -1 < x < 0, \\ 0, & 0 < x < 1, \\ \frac{1}{2}, & x = -1, 0, 1. \end{cases}
 \end{aligned}$$

(ii) Similarly, with $L = 2$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_0 &= \frac{1}{4} \int_{-2}^2 f(x) dx = \frac{1}{4} \left\{ \int_{-2}^0 -dx + \int_0^2 (2-x) dx \right\} \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \left\{ -2 + [2x - \frac{1}{2}x^2]_0^2 \right\} = 0, \\
 a_n &= \frac{1}{2} \int_{-2}^2 f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \int_{-2}^0 -\cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} dx + \int_0^2 (2-x) \cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} dx \right\} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left\{ -\frac{2}{n\pi} \left[\sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} \right]_{-2}^0 + \left[(2-x) \frac{2}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} \right]_0^2 - \int_0^2 \frac{2}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} (-dx) \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{1}{2} \left\{ -\frac{4}{n^2\pi^2} \left[\cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} \right]_0^2 \right\} = -\frac{2}{n^2\pi^2} [\cos(n\pi) - 1] \\
&= [1 - (-1)^n] \frac{2}{n^2\pi^2}, \quad n = 1, 2, \dots, \\
b_n &= \frac{1}{2} \int_{-2}^2 f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \int_{-2}^0 -\sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} dx + \int_0^2 (2-x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} dx \right\} \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \frac{2}{n\pi} \left[\cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} \right]_{-2}^0 \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \left[(2-x) \left(-\frac{2}{n\pi} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} \right]_0^2 + \int_0^2 \frac{2}{n\pi} \cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} (-dx) \right\} \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \frac{2}{n\pi} [1 - \cos(n\pi)] + \frac{4}{n\pi} - \frac{4}{n^2\pi^2} \left[\sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} \right]_0^2 \right\} \\
&= [3 - (-1)^n] \frac{1}{n\pi}, \quad n = 1, 2, \dots, \\
\Rightarrow f(x) &\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left\{ [1 - (-1)^n] \frac{2}{n^2\pi^2} \cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} + [3 - (-1)^n] \frac{1}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} \right\}, \\
(\text{series}) &= \begin{cases} -1, & -2 < x < 0, \\ \frac{1}{2}, & x = 0, \\ 2-x, & 0 < x < 2, \\ -\frac{1}{2}, & x = -2, 2. \end{cases}
\end{aligned}$$

(iii) With $L = 1$,

$$\begin{aligned}
a_0 &= \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^1 f(x) dx = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \int_{-1}^0 x^2 dx + \int_0^1 (1+2x) dx \right\} \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \frac{1}{3} [x^3]_{-1}^0 + [x + x^2]_0^1 \right\} = \frac{7}{6}, \\
a_n &= \int_{-1}^1 f(x) \cos(n\pi x) dx = \int_{-1}^0 x^2 \cos(n\pi x) dx + \int_0^1 (1+2x) \cos(n\pi x) dx
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \left[x^2 \frac{1}{n\pi} \sin(n\pi x) \right]_{-1}^0 - \int_{-1}^0 \frac{1}{n\pi} \sin(n\pi x) \cdot 2x \, dx \\
&\quad + \left[(1+2x) \frac{1}{n\pi} \sin(n\pi x) \right]_0^1 - \int_0^1 \frac{1}{n\pi} \sin(n\pi x) \cdot 2 \, dx \\
&= -\frac{2}{n\pi} \left\{ \left[x \left(-\frac{1}{n\pi} \right) \cos(n\pi x) \right]_{-1}^0 + \int_{-1}^0 \frac{1}{n\pi} \cos(n\pi x) \, dx \right\} \\
&\quad + \frac{2}{n^2\pi^2} [\cos(n\pi x)]_0^1 \\
&= -\frac{2}{n\pi} \left\{ -\frac{1}{n\pi} \cos(n\pi) + \frac{1}{n^2\pi^2} [\sin(n\pi x)]_{-1}^0 \right\} + \frac{2}{n^2\pi^2} [\cos(n\pi) - 1] \\
&= \frac{2}{n^2\pi^2} \cos(n\pi) + \frac{2}{n^2\pi^2} \cos(n\pi) - \frac{2}{n^2\pi^2} = (-1)^n \frac{4}{n^2\pi^2} - \frac{2}{n^2\pi^2}, \quad n = 1, 2, \dots, \\
b_n &= \int_{-1}^1 f(x) \sin(n\pi x) \, dx = \int_{-1}^0 x^2 \sin(n\pi x) \, dx + \int_0^1 (1+2x) \sin(n\pi x) \, dx \\
&= \left[x^2 \left(-\frac{1}{n\pi} \right) \cos(n\pi x) \right]_{-1}^0 + \int_{-1}^0 \frac{1}{n\pi} \cos(n\pi x) \cdot 2x \, dx \\
&\quad + \left[(1+2x) \left(-\frac{1}{n\pi} \right) \cos(n\pi x) \right]_0^1 + \int_0^1 \frac{1}{n\pi} \cos(n\pi x) \cdot 2 \, dx \\
&= \frac{1}{n\pi} \cos(n\pi) + \frac{2}{n\pi} \left\{ \left[x \frac{1}{n\pi} \sin(n\pi x) \right]_{-1}^0 - \int_{-1}^0 \frac{1}{n\pi} \sin(n\pi x) \, dx \right\} \\
&\quad - \frac{3}{n\pi} \cos(n\pi) + \frac{1}{n\pi} + \frac{2}{n^2\pi^2} [\sin(n\pi x)]_0^1 \\
&= \frac{1}{n\pi} \cos(n\pi) + \frac{2}{n^3\pi^3} [\cos(n\pi x)]_{-1}^0 - \frac{3}{n\pi} \cos(n\pi) + \frac{1}{n\pi} \\
&= -\frac{2}{n\pi} \cos(n\pi) + \frac{1}{n\pi} + \frac{2}{n^3\pi^3} [1 - \cos(n\pi)] \\
&= [1 - (-1)^n] \frac{1}{n\pi} + [1 - (-1)^n] \frac{2}{n^3\pi^3}, \quad n = 1, 2, \dots
\end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) \sim \frac{7}{6} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left\{ \left[(-1)^n \frac{4}{n^2\pi^2} - \frac{2}{n^2\pi^2} \right] \cos(n\pi x) + \left[\frac{1 - (-1)^n 2}{n\pi} + 2 \frac{1 - (-1)^n}{n^3\pi^3} \right] \sin(n\pi x) \right\},$$

$$(\text{series}) = \begin{cases} x^2, & -1 < x < 0, \\ \frac{1}{2}, & x = 0, \\ 1 + 2x, & 0 < x < 1, \\ 2, & x = -1, 1. \end{cases}$$

(iv) Similarly, but with $L = 2$,

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{4} \int_{-2}^2 f(x) dx = \frac{1}{4} \int_{-1}^2 (1+x) dx = \frac{1}{4} \left[x + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \right]_{-1}^2 = \frac{9}{8},$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-2}^2 f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^2 (1+x) \cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \left[(1+x) \frac{2}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} \right]_{-1}^2 - \int_{-1}^2 \frac{2}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} dx \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \frac{4}{n^2\pi^2} \left[\cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} \right]_{-1}^2 = \frac{2}{n^2\pi^2} \left[\cos(n\pi) - \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{n^2\pi^2} \left[(-1)^n - \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} \right], \quad n = 1, 2, \dots,$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-2}^2 f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^2 (1+x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \left[(1+x) \left(-\frac{2}{n\pi} \right) \cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} \right]_{-1}^2 + \int_{-1}^2 \frac{2}{n\pi} \cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} dx \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left\{ -\frac{6}{n\pi} \cos(n\pi) + \frac{4}{n^2\pi^2} \left[\sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} \right]_{-1}^2 \right\}$$

$$= (-1)^{n+1} \frac{3}{n\pi} + \frac{4}{n^2\pi^2} \sin \frac{n\pi}{2}, \quad n = 1, 2, \dots$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow f(x) &\sim \frac{9}{8} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left\{ \frac{2}{n^2\pi^2} \left[(-1)^n - \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} \right] \cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \left[(-1)^{n+1} \frac{3}{n\pi} + \frac{4}{n^2\pi^2} \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} \right] \sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} \right\}, \\ \text{series} &= \begin{cases} 0, & -2 < x \leq -1, \\ 1+x, & -1 < x < 2, \\ \frac{3}{2}, & x = -2, 2. \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$